

# Center for Community-Based Resource Management (CBRM)

Natural Resources Institute, University of Manitoba

## CBRM Database

<b>Date:</b>	<b>04/15/2013</b>	<b>Entry Number:</b>	<b>1275</b>
<b>Case Study Name:</b>	<b>Tourism as a Force for Establishing Protected Areas: The Case of Bahia, Brazil</b>		
<b>Author:</b>	Jose Antonio Puppim de Oliveira		
<b>Document Type:</b>	Paper in a Scientific Journal		
<b>Year:</b>	2005		
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<b>Region:</b>	South America		
<b>Country:</b>	Brazil		
<b>Ecosystem Type:</b>	Semi-Arid		
<b>Social Characteristics:</b>	Urban Community		
<b>Scale of Study:</b>	Community		
<b>Resource Type:</b>	Tourism		
<b>Type of Initiative:</b>	Research Driven-Project		
<b>Community-Based Work:</b>	Resource Management		
<b>Keywords:</b>	Tourism Development, Environmental Protection, Protected Areas, Brazil, Bahia		
<b>Summary:</b>	<b>Tourism development and environmental protection are intertwined processes. Protected areas have</b>		

been established to both promote nature-based tourism as well as control the environmental impacts of tourism development. Therefore, tourism has been a force to motivate the creation of protected areas in several developing countries. This article examines the roles of governments, and local and external actors in the policymaking process of establishing protected areas, using as a case study the establishment of environmentally protected areas in the state of Bahia, Brazil.