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# Developing Community Tourism in Uganda

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## **The Tourism Optimization Management Model**

Makerere University & University of Manitoba CIDA Project  
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# Purpose of Workshop

- To explore the suitability of the TOMM as an approach for developing community tourism in Uganda
  - To assess the strengths and weaknesses of a TOMM approach
  - To initiate the development of an appropriate process for future implementation
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# Agenda

- Introduction
  - Overview of Tourism Optimisation Management Model (TOMM) & workshop
  - Review Participants' areas of expertise & break out groups
    - environmental; economic; market opportunities; socio-cultural; and visitor experience
  - Breakout groups: Identify Desired outcomes of community tourism
    - environmental; economic; market opportunities; socio-cultural; and visitor experience for the case study location
  - Breakout groups: Developing key indicators
  - Participants reconvene in their breakout groups to suggest 2-3 key indicators of the desired outcomes
  - Presentation of breakout group recommendations
    - Each group presents their suggested indicators
  - Next steps
  - Discussion of model and wrap-up
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# Who are we?

- Introduction of stakeholders/participants
  - Expectations of stakeholders/participants
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# Why TOMM?

- Tourism growth and development is a catalyst for change
  - Change brings good and bad impacts
  - Impacts bring conflict
  
  - TOMM focuses on optimizing positive change to avoid conflicts through mutually shared desired outcomes
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# Why TOMM?

- Optimisation means:
  - defining and pursuing optimal conditions
  - measuring and sharing progress
  - understanding relationships and
  - using the new understanding to experiment with alternatives
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# What is TOMM?

## TOMM Objectives

- monitor and quantify the key benefits and impacts of tourism activity
  - assess emerging issues and alternative future options for sustainable tourism
  - prove the interdependence of the dimensions of sustainable tourism
  - change the culture of the tourism industry and its stakeholders
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# What does TOMM consider?

- economics
  - market opportunities
  - Visitor experiences
  - Resident experiences
  - the physical environment
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# TOMM Structure: 3 Parts

- Context identification
    - Defines current situation
  - Monitoring program\*
    - What to measure and expect
  - Management response
    - Identifies what relationships exist and helps to decide a response
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# Context Identification

- Existing policies and plans
  - Community values
  - Product character
  - Growth trends
  - Positioning
  - Possible issues (natural disasters, health, dominant operator, etc.)
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# A Case Study – Workshop Steps

- Identify case study location
  - Identify participant areas of expertise
  - Break into expertise groups
  - Develop optimal condition(s) for area
  - Develop indicators for optimal condition
  - Assess indicators and refine
  - Report back to group
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# What is an optimal condition?

- ‘a desirable and realistic state that tourism activity is striving to achieve, that will make it more sustainable’
  - should relate to the main type of tourism in the area
  - should be achievable
  - should be able to be recognised when such a condition is realised
  - Economic OC: “Visitors to Uganda will stay in Kampala at least 2 nights”
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# What is an indicator?

- 'a tangible measure of the state of an optimal condition
  - has an acceptable range
  - a realistic range of measurement that is consistent with an optimal condition
  
  - *Annual average of number of nights stayed in Kampala*
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# Indicator Assessment Criteria

- representativeness of the optimal condition
  - already generating data or needed to be created
  - relative cost
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# Report \* Summarize \* Refine

- Optimal conditions by dimensions
  - Indicators for each condition
  - Refine the experiential dimension
    - then the marketing, economic, socio-cultural and environmental dimensions, based on the experiential dimension
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# Next step in a typical TOMM process

- Clarify implementation issues: such as
  - establishing an acceptable range
  - what type of organisational structure could be established to implement a “TOMM”
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- [www.tomm.info](http://www.tomm.info)
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# Next steps

- Will this work?
  - Adaptations
  - Shared understandings
  - Use dimensional assessments to help select communities
  - Revise framework for our context
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