



**University  
of Manitoba**

# **Data Quality Macros**

**Manitoba Centre for Health Policy**

Development Data Analysis Environment

Version 2.0

Say Hong  
11/5/2013

# Table of Contents

- MCHP Data Quality Macros..... 3
  - DQ\_META Macro..... 3
    - More Details about the Macro:..... 3
  - DQ\_CONTENTS Macro..... 4
    - Example: ..... 5
  - DQ\_VIMO Macro ..... 5
    - Details regarding the range check ..... 7
    - Example: ..... 8
  - DQ\_LINK Macro..... 11
  - DQ\_LINKYR Macro ..... 13
    - Example: ..... 14
  - DQ\_AGREEMENT Macro..... 18
  - DQ\_TREND Macro ..... 19
    - Example: ..... 20
- Automating the Excel Output..... 21
  - DQ\_AUTOMATE.BAS..... 21
  - DQ\_GEN Macro..... 21
    - More details about DQ\_GEN Macro ..... 23
    - Example of splitting VIMO table into multiple smaller VIMO tables ..... 23
  - Example ..... 25
- Outputs ..... 26
  - VIMO Table..... 26
  - Overview Table ..... 27
  - Linkability Table..... 27
  - Phintype Table ..... 27
  - Agreement Table..... 28
- Referential Integrity Check Macro..... 29
  - Example: ..... 31
- Validation Macro ..... 34
  - Validation Rules..... 35



# MCHP Data Quality Macros

## DQ\_META Macro

**Description:** This macro generates a metadata dataset to be used in data quality and documentation processes. The output dataset will be saved as Metadata in the work directory

**Syntax:** %dq\_meta(domain=, db=, fmt=)

**Parameters:** domain = libname of the

dataset db =

dataset name or prefix

fmt = location of a text file containing dataset name and variables name with their associated formats

**Example:** %***dq\_meta***(domain=health, db=wrha\_derca\_,  
fmt='T:\Sayh\test\testnewdqversion\diab\_varfmt.txt');

### More Details about the Macro:

The following is an example of a **tab** delimited text file (fmt) containing datasets name, variables name and their associated format.

wrha_derca_tblpatient_1985apr	BandID	\$DERCA_Band.
wrha_derca_tblpatient_1985apr	DerCodeID	\$DerCA_Dercode.
wrha_derca_tblpatient_1985apr	GradDerReferID	\$DERCA_DerRefer.
wrha_derca_tblpatient_1985apr	DiagCauseID	\$DERCA_DiagCause.
wrha_derca_tblpatient_1985apr	DiagTypeID	\$DERCA_DiagType.
wrha_derca_tblpatient_1985apr	DiagHNFla	\$DERCA_HNFla.
wrha_derca_tblpatient_1985apr	InitMgmtID	\$DERCA_InitMgmt.
wrha_derca_tblpatient_1985apr	DiagNephroID	\$DERCA_Nephro.
wrha_derca_tblpatient_1985apr	RHAID	\$DERCA_RHA.
wrha_derca_tblpatient_1985apr	ReferStatusID	\$DERCA_ReferStatus.
wrha_derca_tblpatient_1985apr	RaceID	\$DERCA_Race.
wrha_derca_tblpatient_1985apr	SchoolID	\$DERCA_School.
wrha_derca_tblpatient_1985apr	VisitNoticeID	\$DERCA_visitnotice.
wrha_derca_tblpatient_1985apr	StatFamilyID	\$DERCA_FStat.
wrha_derca_tblpatient_1985apr	StatCareID	\$DERCA_CStat.
wrha_derca_tblpatient_1985apr	ClinicStatID	\$DERCA_ClinicStat.
wrha_derca_tblpatient_1985apr	GradCode	\$DERCA_gradcode.
wrha_derca_tblvisit_ 1985apr	InsulinRegimeID	\$DERCA_InsulinRegime.
wrha_derca_tblvisit_ 1985apr	JointContrID	\$DERCA_JointContr.
wrha_derca_tblvisit_ 1985apr	VisitLocID	\$DERCA_VisitLoc.
wrha_derca_tblguardian_1985apr	RelationshipID	\$DERCA_Relationship.

Please note that all formats mentioned in the above text file must be already loaded by SAS.

## DQ\_CONTENTS Macro

**Description:** This macro generates an overview table that contains dataset name, dataset label, number of records and number of fields

**Syntax:** %dq\_contents(domain=, db=, memnum=)

**Parameters:** domain = libname of the dataset

db = dataset prefix or space separated list of dataset name or cluster dataset name

memnum = space separated list of cluster members, if blank then the macro will run for a specific dataset (non-cluster) or the whole cluster if the dataset is a cluster

**Example:** %dq\_contents(domain=health, db=wrha\_derca\_)

## Example:

```
%let DQ_Dir = T:\Sayh\test\testnewdqversion; /*specify
                                             location to
                                             save output */

%let DQ_name = contents; /*specify excel output name*/

%dq_contents(domain=health, db= Ckd_2012_hsc_2004jan);

%dq_gen(dir=&dq_dir, wrkbook=&dq_name, save=Y)

/* Please refer to the automating the excel output section
   for more info regarding the DQ_GEN Macro */
```

## DQ\_VIMO Macro

**Description:** This macro is used to produce a VIMO table for a specific dataset or a specific cluster member or a combination of cluster members.

This macro can be used to perform a univariate data quality check if invalidchk=Y. Note that data quality check is based on the format defined, so that formats have to be loaded and DQ\_META macro must be run before running the macro. Otherwise set invalidchk=N.

Note that the excel output produced by this macro is plain and unformatted, to automatically generate the VIMO table and GRAPH, please refer to the DQ\_GEN macro.

**Syntax:** %dq\_vimo(ds=, invalidchk=N, memnum=, postals=, muncodes=, suppvar=, idvars=, nooutlier=)

**Parameters:**

ds = Name of input dataset, could be one or two level

invalidchk = specifies whether data quality check should be performed, default value is N (valid value = Y/N)

memnum = List of cluster members that are used to produce VIMO table, if blank then the macro will be run for a specific dataset (non-cluster) or the whole cluster if the dataset is a cluster

postals = Space separated list of postal code variables to check for invalid postal code, if blank then no invalid check will be performed.

muncodes = Space separated list of municipal code variables to check for invalid municipal code, if blank then no invalid check will be performed

suppvar = Space separated list of variables that are suppressed in SPDS, leave blank if none were suppressed

idvars = Space separated list of ID variables to be put in the ID category of the VIMO table. If blank, then only phin with format of z15 will be put in the ID category.

nooutlier = Fields to suppress outlier calculation. This parameter can be one of the following.

1. all (suppress outlier calculation for all numeric fields)
2. space separated list of numeric variables to suppress outlier calculation
3. location and name of the text file that contains variables to suppress outlier calculation.

**Example:**

```
%dq_vimo(ds=health.wrha_derca_tblpatient_1985a
pr, invalidchk=Y, suppvar=bandid
hlthother hsc mhsc);
%dq_vimo(ds = social.hcm_edi_2006jan,
postals = postal);
```

Note that to run the DQ\_VIMO macro with macro parameter invalidchk = Y, you must first do the following:

- define and load the format for at least one of the variable in the dataset
- run the DQ\_META macro

### Details regarding the range check

To perform a range check on the numeric variables, format with specific range need to be defined, for example to run a range check on age, birth date and program date where the range for age, birth date and program date fall within the following range:

1. Age must be between 0 to 110
2. Birth date must be between Jan. 1, 1900 to Nov. 01, 2012
3. Program date must be between Jan. 1, 2004 to Dec. 31, 2012

The following formats and a tab delimited text file containing datasets name, variables name and their associated format must be defined:

- `value yymmdddf '01jan1900'd-'01Nov2012'd = 'valid';`
- `value yymmddd2f '01jan2004'd-'31Dec2012'd = 'valid';`
- `value agef 0-110 = 'valid';`
- `value $genderf '1' = 'Male'`  
`'2' = 'Female'`

Note that the name of the date format **MUST** start with yymmddd.

Creating a tab delimited text file containing datasets name, variables name and their associated format that will be used to generate the metadata for the DQ\_VIMO macro.

Ckd_2012_hsc_2004jan	birthdt	yymmdddf.
Ckd_2012_hsc_2004jan	DATEDT	yymmdddf.
Ckd_2012_hsc_2004jan	OFF_PROGDT	yymmddd2f.
Ckd_2012_hsc_2004jan	sex	\$genderf.
Ckd_2012_hsc_2004jan	age	agef.

## Example:

```
%include 'G:\dqmacro\*.sas';           /*Load DQ Macro*/
%let DQ_Dir = T:\Sayh\test\testnewdqversion; /*specify
                                           location to save
                                           output */
%let DQ_name = Ckd_HSC;                 /*specify excel output
                                           name*/

proc format;
%include T:\Sayh\test\testnewdqversion\testvalid.txt';
run;

%dq_meta(domain=project, db=Ckd_2012_hsc_2004jan,
          fmt='T:\Sayh\test\testnewdqversion\hsc_varfmt.txt');

%dq_vimo(ds=project.Ckd_2012_hsc_2004jan,
          postals=postal_code, invalidchk=Y, suppvar=race);

%dq_gen(ds=project.Ckd_2012_hsc_2004jan, period=2004-2012,
          dir=&dq_dir, wrkbook=&dq_name, save=Y)

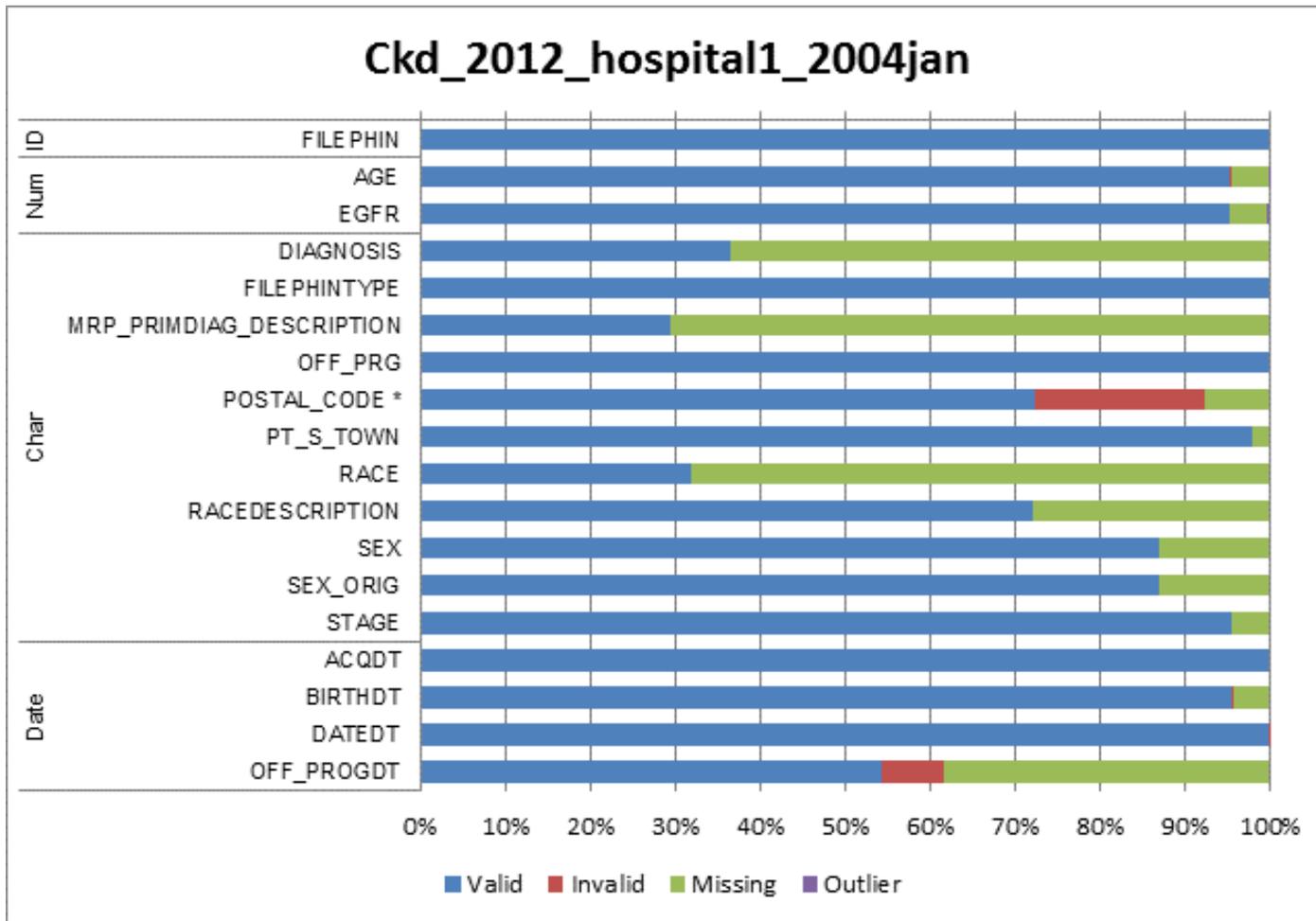
/* Please refer to the automating the excel output section
for more info regarding the DQ_GEN Macro */
```

Running the above codes will automatically generate the following VIMO table and chart. The DQ\_GEN macro will automatically capture the dataset label (if the dataset had a label), total number of records, data set name, and label the time period of the dataset. The name of the data set will be used as the title of the VIMO chart.

Table 1

Dataset Label: Renal Adult - Hospital1 File			Records: 8051			Legend (Data Quality Problems) :						
Dataset Name: Ckd_2012_hospital1_2004jan			Period: 2004-1012			None or Minimal < 5%	Moderate 5-30%	Significant > 30%	Unknown or N/A			
SUPPRESSED = Variables being suppressed in data file * = All postal codes listed here have frequency count > 20												
Type	Variable Name	Variable Label	Valid	Invalid	Missing	Outlier	Min	Max	Mean	Median	STD	Comment
ID	FILEPHIN	MH SCrumbled PHIN	100.00		.00							
Num	AGE	Age at last eGFR	95.37	.20	4.25	.19	-18.79	935.33	62.23	64.10	22.42	16 invalid obs. out of [0, 110] range
	EGFR	estimated glom filt rate	95.34		4.42	.24	2.02	377.62	44.61	36.88	34.19	
<b>Observed Values</b>												
Char	DIAGNOSIS	Primary diagnosis-old	36.42		63.58		RVD, Sarcoid, Membranous GN, Diabetic/HTN, Unknown, Hypertens					
	FILEPHINTYPE		100.00		.00		4, 0					
	MRP_PRIMDIAG_DESCRIPTION	Mrp Primary diagnosis-in use	29.46		70.54		SLE Bx, RVD HTN (Biopsy proven), no renal disease, Vas (P-ANCA)					
	OFF_PRG	Off renal program yes or no	100.00		.00		1, 0					
	POSTAL_CODE *	Postal code	72.36	19.99	7.65		R0C, R0B0J0, R0B1B0, R0B, R2W, R0B1J0, R3B, R2G, R0E1M0, R2V, R2P, R0B, P0X, ... (1609 invalid obs. in total)					
	PT_S_TOWN	Pt's Town	97.90		2.10		Brandon, Elkhom, Sioux Narrows, Winnipeg, Sandy Lake, Sandy Lak					
	RACE	Historic race description	31.95		68.05		SUPPRESSED					
	RACEDESCRIPTION	MRP Race description	72.14		27.86		SUPPRESSED					
	SEX	sex	86.91	.01	13.08		1, 2, 0					
	SEX_ORIG	Original sex values	86.91	.01	13.08		M, F, Male, m, male, female, FEMALE, Female, malr, f, 0					
STAGE	ckd stage	95.58		4.42		1, 3, 2, 4, 5						
Date	ACQDT	Date record was acquired at MCHP	100.00		.00		2012-11-01	2012-11-01				
	BIRTHDT	Date of Birth	95.55	.17	4.27		1902-06-21	2029-12-21				14 invalid obs. out of [1900-01-01, 2012-11-01] range
	DATEDT	Date of last eGFR	99.96	.04	.00		1999-12-01	2022-05-16				2012-11-09, 2013-08-12, 2022-05-16 ( 3 Invalid Obs. in total )
	OFF_PROGDT	Off Program date	54.22	7.50	38.28		2001-09-04	2020-04-20				604 invalid obs. out of [2004-01-01, 2012-11-01] range

Figure 1



## DQ\_LINK Macro

**Description:** This macro creates a table that shows the number and percentage of linkable records of a specific dataset or a list of datasets. If the dataset is a cluster dataset, this macro can run for a list of cluster members.

Note that a record is considered linkable if the record's phin is coded as individual specific. i.e., phintype variable has the following values

- 0 = MH, verified against concurrent registries
- 1 = MH, redirected to this scrphin from filephin
- 2 = MCHP, modified sibling's scrphin
- 3 = MCHP, assigned scrphin from registry
- 6 = MCHP, MH PHIN not known at MCHP at acqdt

This macro also generates a distribution table for the phintype.

**Syntax:** %dq\_link(domain=, db=, phin=scrphin,  
type=scrphintype, memnum=)

**Parameters:** Domain = libname of the dataset

db = dataset prefix or Space separated list of dataset name (or name of the cluster if memnum is non- empty)

phin = Name of phin variable (default value is scrphin) type = Name of phintype variable (default value is scrphintype)

memnum = ALL or Space separated list of cluster members, if memnum=ALL then this macro will run for all cluster members of a specific cluster

**Example:**

```
%dq_link(domain=health,  
          db=wrha_derca_tblpatient_1985apr,  
          phin=filephin, type=filephintype)  
  
%dq_link(domain=social,  
          db=MFSL_CDCP_MHCW_2000JAN,  
          phin=filephin, type=filephintype,  
          memnum=all);  
  
%dq_link(domain=social,  
          db=MFSL_CDCP_MHCW_2000JAN,  
          phin=filephin, type=filephintype,  
          memnum=1 2);
```

## DQ\_LINKYR Macro

**Description:** This macro produces a percentage of linkable records over year for a specific dataset or a list of datasets

**Syntax:** %dq\_linkyr(domain=, db=, startyr=, endyr=,  
bydate=, phin=scrphin,  
type=scrphintype, ytype=F);

**Parameters:** domain = libname of the dataset

db = dataset prefix or Space  
separated list of dataset name

startyr =  
beginning year

endyr = ending  
year

bydate = date variable (must be sas date)

phin = name of phin variable (default value  
is scrphin) type = name of phintype (default  
value is scrphintype)

ytype = Default value is F, if set to C then  
linkability will be run by calendar  
year, otherwise linkability will be  
performed by fiscal year (valid value  
is F/C)

**Example:**

```

%dq_linkyr(domain=health,
             db=MHCPL_CMORGANISM_19922010
             MHCPL_CMRESULTS_19922010
             MHCPL_CMSECTION_19922010
             MHCPL_SPSEROTESTS_19922010
             MHCPL_SPPARATESTS_19922010
             MHCPL_SPSECTION_19922010,
             startyr=1992,
             endyr=2009,
             bydate=RECEIVEDDT)
;

```

**Example:**

```

%include 'G:\dqmacro\*.sas';          /*Load DQ Macro*/

%dq_linkyr(domain=health,
            db=MHCPL_CMORGANISM_19922010 MHCPL_CMRESULTS_19922010
            MHCPL_CMSECTION_19922010 MHCPL_SPSEROTESTS_19922010
            MHCPL_SPPARATESTS_19922010 MHCPL_SPSECTION_19922010,
            startyr=1992, endyr=2009, bydate=RECEIVEDDT)

%dq_gen(Dir=&DQ_Dir, wrkbook=&DQ_name)

```

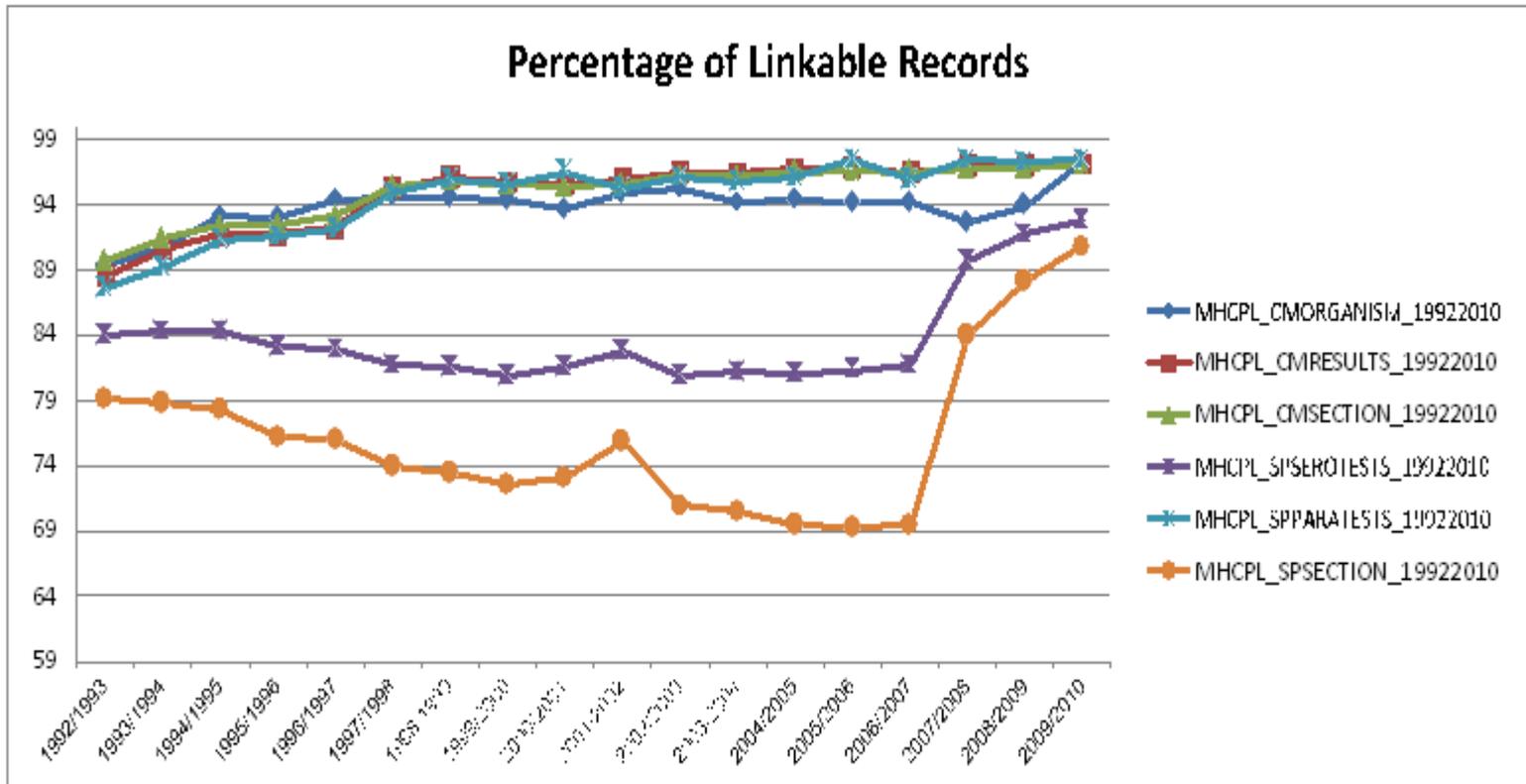
These codes automatically generate the following table and graph.

Table 2

Year	MHCPL_CMOR GANSM_1992 010	MHCPL_CMRE SULTS_1992 2010	MHCPL_CMS ECTION_1992 2010	MHCPL_SPSE ROTESTS_199 22010	MHCPL_SPP ARAESTS_199 22010	MHCPL_SPSE CTION_1992 2010
1992/ 1993	89.3	88.5	89.6	84	87.6	79.1
1993/ 1994	90.7	90.6	91.4	84.3	89.2	78.7
1994/ 1995	93.1	91.7	92.5	84.3	91.3	78.3
1995/ 1996	93	91.7	92.5	83.1	91.6	76.2
1996/ 1997	94.3	92.2	93.1	82.9	92.1	76
1997/ 1998	94.6	95.2	95.3	81.7	94.8	73.9
1998/ 1999	94.5	96.1	95.8	81.5	95.9	73.4
1999/ 2000	94.3	95.7	95.5	80.8	95.6	72.5
2000/ 2001	93.6	95.6	95.4	81.5	96.5	73.1
2001/ 2002	94.9	95.9	95.6	82.8	95.2	75.9
2002/ 2003	95.2	96.5	96.3	80.9	96	70.9
2003/ 2004	94.2	96.4	96.3	81.2	95.7	70.5

<b>Year</b>	<b>MHCPL_CMOR GANSM_19922 010</b>	<b>MHCPL_CMRE SULTS_1992 2010</b>	<b>MHCPL_CMS ECTION_1992 2010</b>	<b>MHCPL_SPSE ROTESTS_199 22010</b>	<b>MHCPL_SPP ARAESTS_199 22010</b>	<b>MHCPL_SPSE CTION_199220 10</b>
2004/ 2005	94.4	96.7	96.5	81.1	96.1	69.5
2005/ 2006	94.1	96.8	96.6	81.3	97.5	69.3
2006/ 2007	94.1	96.5	96.5	81.7	95.9	69.4
2007/ 2008	92.6	97	96.8	89.6	97.5	83.9
2008/ 2009	93.9	97	96.8	91.7	97.3	88.1
2009/ 2010	97.2	97.1	97.1	92.8	97.5	90.8

Figure 2



## DQ\_AGREEMENT Macro

Description: This macro checks the agreement between a dataset and the registry data (mhmr<sub>s</sub>\_unig<sub>ph</sub>in\_1970[regyr]) for the same individuals and produces Kappa Statistics for sex and date of birth  
This macro can be run on a list of datasets or multiple cluster members within a specific cluster dataset.

Syntax: %dq\_agreement(domain=, db=, regyr=2012, phin=scrphin, sex=sex, M=1, F=2, birthdt=birthdt, memnum=)

Parameters:

domain = libname of the dataset

db = Space separated list of dataset name or specific cluster dataset name

regyr = Latest year of available registry data (default value is 2012)

phin = Variable containing PHIN (default value is scrphin)

sex = Sex variable (default value is sex)

M = Representing value for males (default value is 1)

F = Representing value for females (default value is 2)

birthdt = Date of birth variable (default value is birthdt)

memnum = ALL or Space separated list of cluster members, if blank then the macro will run for a specific dataset (non-cluster) or the whole cluster if the dataset is a cluster

**Example:** %dq\_agreement(domain=health,  
db=wrha\_derca\_tblpatient\_1985apr,  
phin=filephin, birthdt=birth\_dt)

## DQ\_TREND Macro

**Description:** This macro performs a trend analysis over a specified time range, the output will be saved in graphic format (.PNG)

**Syntax:** %dq\_trend(ds=, startyr=, endyr=, bydate=,  
bydatetime=, byvar=\_ALL\_, byfmt=,  
bymonth=N, ytype=F,  
memnum=)

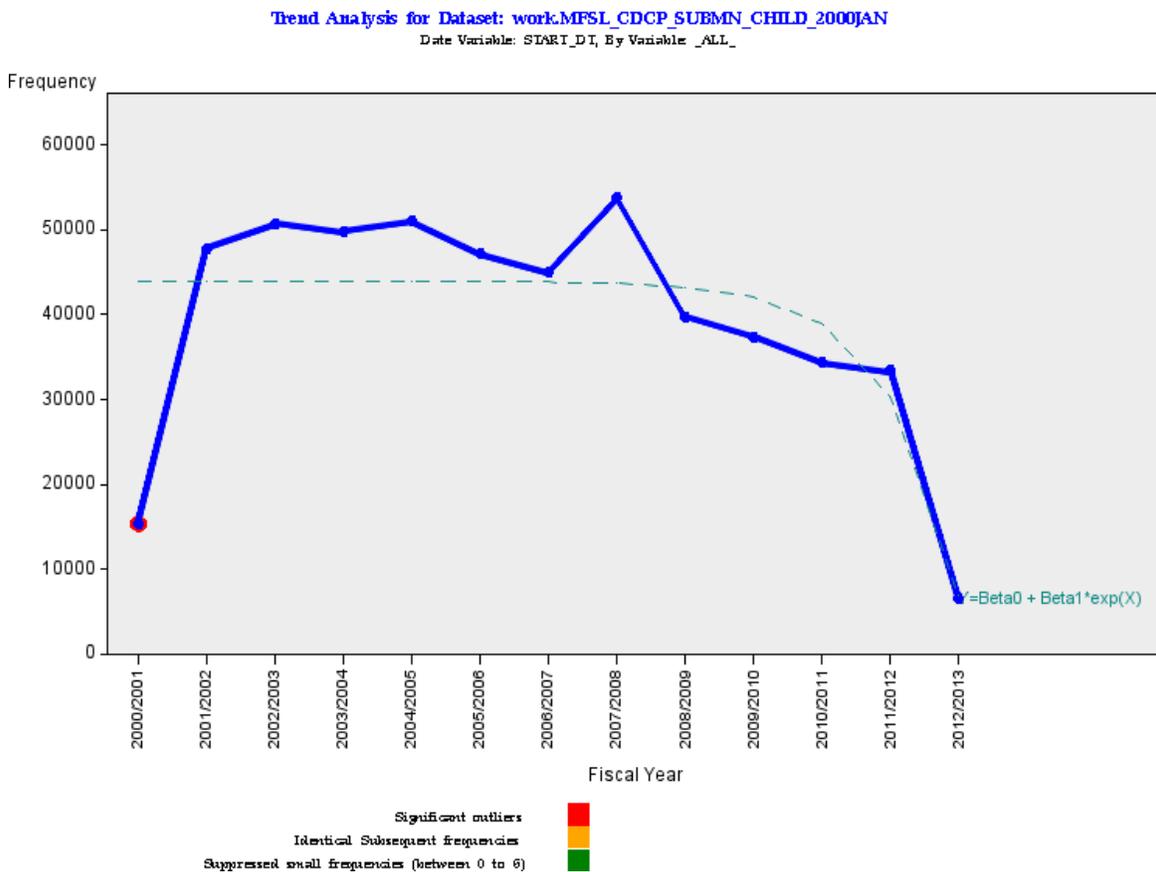
**Parameters:** ds = Name of  
dataset  
startyr =  
Beginning year  
endyr = Ending  
year  
bydate = Date variable (must be SAS Date),  
leave blank if bydatetime is not blank  
bydatetime = SAS Date time variable, leave  
blank if bydate is not blank  
byvar = Optional, if omitted the trend  
analysis will be run for all records  
in the dataset  
byfmt = Optional, format for byvar if any  
bymonth = Default value is N, if set to Y then  
trend analysis will be run by month  
instead of year (valid value is Y/N)  
ytype = Default value is F, if set to C  
then trend analysis will be run by  
calendar year, otherwise trend  
analysis will be performed by  
fiscal year (valid value is F/C)  
memnum = Space separated List of cluster  
members, if blank then the macro will  
run for a specific dataset (non-  
cluster) or the whole cluster if the  
dataset is a cluster

**Example:**      %dq\_trend(ds=social.MFSL\_CDCP\_SUBMN\_CHILD\_2000JAN, startyr=2000, endyr=2012, bydate=START\_DT);

**Example:**

```
%include 'G:\dqmacro\*.sas';                   /*Load DQ Macro*/
%let dq_dir=T:\Sayh\test\testnewdqversion; /*location to save graph*/

%dq_trend(ds=work.MFSL_CDCP_SUBMN_CHILD_2000JAN,
startyr=2000, endyr=2012, bydate=START_DT);
```



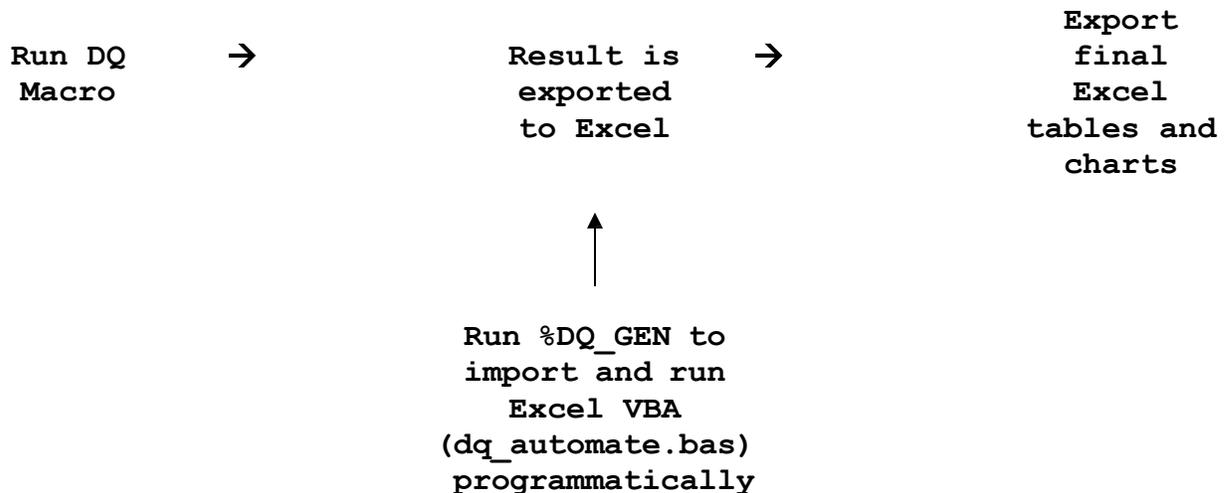
## Automating the Excel Output

### DQ\_AUTOMATE.BAS

The dq\_automate.bas contains the excel VBA code that has been developed to automatically generate the following tables and charts without manual intervention: VIMO table, VIMO graph, overview, linkability, phintype, agreement, linkability over years, and a line graph for linkability over years. This file will be run automatically by calling the DQ\_GEN macro (see below).

### DQ\_GEN Macro

The excel output files created by the DQ macros (dq\_vimo, dq\_contents, dq\_link, dq\_linkyr and dq\_agreement) are plain and unformatted. These files have to be copied and pasted into an excel template to produce VIMO table and graph as well as all other relevant DQ tables. In order to eliminate the tedious process of copying and pasting, an excel VBA code (dq\_automate.bas) and DQ\_GEN SAS macro have been developed to generate all the tables and graphs automatically. Since Excel VBA code can only run within its host application, Excel must be installed. The following Chart describes the flow of the process.



**Description:** This macro has been developed as an automated process for generating data quality tables and charts.

Running this macro will automatically open an unformatted excel output, and import Excel VBA code (dq\_automate.bas) and run it to produce tables and chart without manual intervention.

**Syntax:** %DQ\_GEN(ds=, period=, Dir=, wrkbook=, memnum=, save=N, rnglen=);

**Parameters:**

- ds = same value as the VIMO macro
- period = label the time period in the output dir = directory where Excel is output
- wrkbook = name of the Excel output
- memnum = same value as the VIMO macro
- save = specify whether to save the output (valid value is Y/N). Default value is N
- rnglen = this parameter allows the user to split the huge vimo table that contains hundreds of variables into multiple smaller vimo tables, rnglen is the number of variables that each smaller vimo table contains. For example, if a vimo table contains 150 variables and the user would like to split the table into 3 smaller tables each contains 50 variables, then set rnglen=50. Leave blank if no split is required.

**Example:** %dq\_gen(ds=health.wrha\_derca\_tblpatient\_1985apr, period=1985-2012, dir=&dq\_dir, wrkbook=&dq\_name, memnum=1)

## More details about DQ\_GEN Macro

Before running the %DQ\_GEN macro, the following **must be done once**.

1. Open Excel and click on Office button or File.
2. Click the Excel Options.
3. Click the Trust Center and Trust Center Settings...
4. Click the Macro Settings and select Trust Access to the VBA project object model. Example of splitting VIMO table into multiple smaller VIMO tables.

## Example of splitting VIMO table into multiple smaller VIMO tables

```
%include 'G:\dqmacro\*.sas';

options mprint;

%let dq_dir = T:\Sayh\test\testnewdqversion;
%let dq_name = hcm_edi_2011feb;

%include 'G:\dmusers\sayh\hcmo\EDI\fmt.sas';

%dq_meta(domain=social, db=hcm_edi_2011feb,
fmt='G:\dmusers\sayh\hcmo\EDI\edi2011varfmt.txt');

%dq_vimo(ds=social.hcm_edi_2011feb, invalidchk=y,
  postals=CL_POSTALCODE NEW_P_CODE NEW_P_CODE2
  POSTAL_CODE POSTAL_CODE_HCM POSTAL_SCH POSTAL_USED
  P_CODE P_CODE_E,
  nooutlier='G:\dmusers\sayh\hcmo\EDI\DQ\noutliervars2011s.
  txt', idvars=EDI_SCHID HCM_EDI_ID SCH_ID TEACHER_ID
  TEACH_ID);

%dq_gen(ds=social.hcm_edi_2011feb, period=2010-2011,
  dir=&dq_dir, wrkbook=&dq_name, save=y, rnglen=25);
```

A1												
Dataset Label: EDI - 2011				Records: 12885			Legend (Data Quality Problems):					
Dataset Name: hcm_edi_2011feb				Period: 2010-2011			None or Minimal < 5%		Moderate 5-30%	Significant > 30%	Unknown or N/A	
Type	Variable Name	Variable Label	Valid	Invalid	Missing	Outlier	Min	Max	Mean	Median	STD	
ID	EDI_SCHID	EDI School ID	70.35	29.65	.00							15344, 15345, 15346
	FILEPHIN	MH Scrambled PHIN	100.00		.00							
	HCM_EDI_ID	HCM EDI ID	100.00		.00							
	SCH_ID	school id	100.00		.00							
	TEACHER_ID	teacher_id	.00		100.00							
Num	TEACH_ID	Teacher ID	100.00		.00							
	ABST	Aboriginal status	99.39		.61		0.00	99.00	3.04	.00	15.51	
	AGE	age at completion	99.53		.44	.02	-44.64	7.16	5.69	5.69	.55	
	AGE1	age based on info file	.00		100.00							
	AGE2	age based on edi file	.00		100.00							
	AGECAT	age category (3 mo.int)	99.55		.45		2.00	14.00	8.76	9.00	1.31	
	AGE_GROUP	Age Group	100.00		.00		1.00	99.00	2.65	2.00	10.29	
	AGE_NEW	age_new	98.77		1.13	.10	-44.64	56.08	5.70	5.69	.88	
	AMPM	time of class	100.00		.00		0.00	9.00	2.20	1.00	2.26	
	AMPM1	am/pm/all day	96.87		3.13		1.00	4.00	1.98	2.00	1.00	
	BAND_SCHOOL	School Band	3.03		96.97		1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	.00	
	CCGK_1	communication skills a	95.28		4.72		1.00	3.00	2.10	2.00	.87	
	CEM_1	prosocial and helping b	89.12		10.88		1.00	3.00	1.85	2.00	.83	
	CEM_2	anxious and fearful beh	95.26		4.74		1.00	3.00	2.84	3.00	.43	
	CEM_3	aggressive behaviour	95.21		4.79		1.00	3.00	2.75	3.00	.60	
	CEM_4	hyperactive and inatten	95.23		4.77		1.00	3.00	2.58	3.00	.73	
	CEXCEL	Communication very re	100.00		.00		0.00	99.00	4.94	.00	20.83	
	CGK1	Communication Skills a	.00		100.00							
	CGK_1	communication skills	.00		100.00							
	CGMISS	gen. kn. comm scale n	100.00		.00		0.00	1.00	.05	.00	.21	

Vimo contains all variables, Vimo1 contains the first 25 variables, and Vimo2 contains the next 25 and so on...

## Example

```
%include 'G:\dqmacro\*.sas';

%let dq_dir = T:\Sayh\test\testnewdqversion; /*directory where
to save

                                DQ output*/
%let dq_name = tblpatient; /* Name of the excel DQ output */

proc format; /* load format */
  %include
'T:\Sayh\test\testnewdqversion\fmt_derca.txt';
run;

%dq_meta(domain=health, db=wrha_derca_,
          fmt='T:\Sayh\test\testnewdqversion\derca_varfmt.txt');

%dq_vimo(ds=health.wrha_derca_tblpatient_1985apr, invalidchk=Y,
          suppvar=bandid hlthother hsc mhsc, postals=pcode,
          memnum=1, idvars=bandid casemngrid clinicstatid
          dercodeid diagcauseid
          diagnephroid diagtypeid doctorid dreyeid
          gradderreferid graddrreferid initmgmtid patientid
          raceid referdocid referstatusid rhaid schoolid
          statcareid statfamilyid visitnoticeid);

%dq_contents(domain=health, db=wrha_derca_)

%dq_link(domain=health, db=wrha_derca_tblpatient_1985apr,
          phin=filephin, type=filephintype)

%dq_agreement(domain=health, db=wrha_derca_tblpatient_1985apr,
               phin=filephin, birthdt=birth_dt)

* Note that the results of the above macros will be saved in the
  excel workbook with worksheets: vimo, linkability, phintype,
  overview and agreement;
* Run %dq_gen to automatically generate DQ tables and chart;

%dq_gen(ds=health.wrha_derca_tblpatient_1985apr, period=1985-
          2012, Dir=&DQ_Dir, wrkbook=&DQ_name, memnum=1, save=Y);
```

Note: When running %dq\_gen, an Open File - Security Warning window will pop up, click open and the program will run.

# Outputs

## VIMO Table

Dataset Label:		Records: 2659	Legend (Data Quality Problems):									
Dataset Name: wrhs_deroa_tbpapient_1985apr (oluster members = 1)		Period: 1985-2012	None or Minimal < 5%	Moderate 5-10%	Significant > 30%	Unknown or N/A						
SUPPRESSED = Variables being suppressed in data file												
* = All postal codes listed here have frequency count > 20												
Type	Variable Name	Variable Label	Valid	Invalid	Missing	Outlier	Min	Max	Mean	Median	STD	Comment
ID	BANDID	Band or Treaty Number or Location	-18.39		81.61		SUPPRESSED					
	CASEMNGRID	Case Manager	84.06		15.95							
	CLINICSTATID	Patient's Clinical Status (trigger for Active field and additional AdServ info field)	97.89		2.11							
	DERCODEID	Diabetes Education Resource Code	95.88		4.32							
	DIAGCAUSEID	Diagnosis: Cause of Diabetes	78.01		23.99							
	DIAGNEPHROID	Patient Has Associated Nephropathy	.16		99.85							
	DIAGTYPEID	Diagnosis: Type of Diabetes	99.99		.04							
	DOCTORID	Patient's Doctor	95.45		4.55							
	DREYEID	Patient's Eye Doctor (Ophthalmologist, Optometrist, etc.)	.41		99.59							
	FILEPHIN	MH Scrambled PHIN	100.00		.00							
	GRADDERREFERID	DER To Which Patient Has Been Referred on Graduation	40.84		59.16							
	GRADDRREFERID	Doctor To Whom Patient Has Been Referred on Graduation	40.73		59.27							
	INITMGMTID	Patient's Initial Care Management	98.73		3.27							
	PATIENTID	Internal Identifier	100.00		.00							
	RACEID	Race of Patient	100.00		.00							
	REFERDOCID	Referring Doctor	89.29		10.72							
	REFERSTATUSID	Timing of Diagnosis vis a vi referral to DER	72.21		27.79							
	RHAID	Regional Health Authority Code	99.99		.04							
SCHOOLID	School of Patient	84.86		35.35								
STATCAREID	Care Status	98.60		1.50								
STATFAMILYID	Family Status	98.91		1.09								
VISITNOTICEID	Visitation Notice Send To:	98.38		1.62								
Observed Values												
Char	ACTIVE	Active Status (autoupdated field driven by clinic status / graduation)	100.00		.00	0, 1						
	DIAGCELIAC	Patient Has Associated Celiac Condition	100.00		.00	0, 1						
	DIAGHNF1A	Patient Has Associated HNF-1 alpha Condition	-11.70		88.30	3, 2, 1						
	DIAGHYPO	Patient Has Associated Hypothyroid Condition	100.00		.00	0, 1						
	DIAGPR/DERWILLI	Patient Has Associated Prader Willi Condition	100.00		.00	0, 1						
	DIAGTRISOMY	Patient Has Associated Trisomy Condition	100.00		.00	0, 1						
	FILEPHINTYPE	Method to determine FILEPHIN	100.00		.00	0, 4						
	GRADCODE	Details of Patient Graduation from DER - Location, reason, etc.	80.89		39.11	02, 01, 16, 06, 03, 37, 04, 18, 15, 17, 10, 14, 11, 20, 09, 21						
	HLT HOTHER	Other Health Number (e.g. OHIP)	12.19		87.81	SUPPRESSED						
	HSC	Health Sciences Center No.	99.82		.38	SUPPRESSED						
	MENARCHE	Age of Menarche for Females	1.43		98.57	11, 13, 14, 12, 10, 29						
	MHSC	Manitoba Health Number (8 digit old number)	88.64		13.46	SUPPRESSED						
	ORIG_SEX	Original sex value: 1=F 2=M	100.00		.00	2, 1						
	PCODE *	Postal Code of Patient	99.47	26	.26	R0B1U0, R0B0T0, R0B1B0, R0B1Z0, ...						056653, R3POE1, R0J0P0, 582265, ... (7 invalid obs.in total)
	SEX	Gender of Patient	100.00		.00	1, 2						
UPBY	Logon ID stamp for last modifier	100.00		.00	Stat, INITIAL IMPORT OLDDB							
Date	ACQDT	Date record was acquired at MCHP	100.00		.00	2012-06-26	2013-06-26					
	BIRTH_DT	Date of Birth of Patient	100.00		.00	1959-07-25	2011-02-04					
	DIAG_DT	Diagnosis: Date	99.92		.08	1973-01-01	2012-04-03					
	GRAD_DT	Date of Graduation from DER	70.89		29.07	1978-11-05	2012-03-30					
	REFER_DT	Date of Referral	99.92		.08	1980-06-01	2012-04-03					
Datetime	CREATE_DTTM	Auto time stamp	100.00		.00	31JAN1998:00:00:00	04APR2012:07:41:25					
	UPDATED_DTTM	Auto time stamp	100.00		.00	21NOV2002:20:45:53	04APR2012:11:19:15					

## Overview Table

Domain	SPDS Table	Dataset Label	Number of Records	Number of Fields
HEALTH	WRHA_DERCA_TBLDOCTOR_1985APR		1370	7
HEALTH	WRHA_DERCA_TBLGUARDIAN_1985APR		6089	8
HEALTH	WRHA_DERCA_TBLLABTEST_1985APR		78234	12
HEALTH	WRHA_DERCA_TBLPATIENT_1985APR		2659	45
HEALTH	WRHA_DERCA_TBLSEENBY_1985APR	Pediatric Diabetes - Seen by	12578	3
HEALTH	WRHA_DERCA_TBLVISIT_1985APR		24224	34
HEALTH	WRHA_DERCA_TBLXTEST_1985APR		27	7

## Linkability Table

Dataset	Total Number of Records	Number of Linkable Records	% Linkable Records	Number of Linkable Individuals
WRHA_DERCA_TBLPATIENT_1985APR	2659	2201	82.78	2201

## Phintype Table

FILEPHINTYPE	WRHA_DERCA_TBLPATIENT_1985APR
0 MH verified against concurrent registries	82.78
4 MCHP db specific ScrPHIN - No MH found	17.22

## Agreement Table

<b>Dataset Name</b>	<b>Degree of Agreement with Registry - Sex (Kappa Statistic)</b>	<b>Degree of Agreement with Registry – Date of Birth (Kappa Statistic)</b>
wrha_derca_tblpatient_1 985apr	0.9945	0.989

## Referential Integrity Check Macro

**Description:** Referential integrity means that there is a matching key between two databases. One database (primary) contains a single record for each key variable - client information and variable labels (formats) are examples of primary tables. The other database (foreign) may contain any number of records for each key variable.

Primary Key should contain only unique values - no missing values are allowed. Foreign key may contain any number of values but all existing values must be in the primary table.

This macro check for the following criteria.

1. Primary Key is checked for any duplicate or missing values.
2. Values in the foreign table are matched to the primary table. Orphan values (those in the foreign table but not in the primary table) are identified.

### Syntax

```
%dq_ref_int_check(primary= , foreign= ,  
                  key=, f_key= , debug=0,  
                  odsout=);
```

**Parameters:**

`primary` = Primary Dataset containing the primary key.  
This data set should contain only one record/key value. Primary key must not contain any missing values

`foreign` = Foreign dataset. This dataset may contain multiple values of the key variable. All key values in the foreign data must appear in the primary dataset.

`key` = Key variable or variables

`f_key` = OPTIONAL foreign key variable(s). This option is not required if the key variables have the same name on both datasets. The order of the key variables must be the same in `key` and `f_key`.

`Debug` = OPTIONAL. If the word `debug` or `debug=1` or `debug=YES` is passed then `mprint` and `notes` are turned on. Otherwise `notes` and `mprint` are turned off.

`odsout` = Location and name to save the output (output must end with an extension of `.rtf`). If blank, then output will be shown in sas output windows only.

## Example:

\* Example of running reference integrity check for a group of foreign tables with common foreign key variables;

```
%dq_ref_int_check(primary=health.Wrha_edis_client_2007jan ,
                  foreign=health.Wrha_edis_status_2007jan
                    health.Wrha_edis_provider_2007jan
                    health.Wrha_edis_nacrs_2007jan
                    health.Wrha_edis_consults_2007jan
                    health.Wrha_edis_plan_2007jan
                    health.Wrha_edis_location_2007jan,
                  key=CLIENT_VISIT_GUID, debug=1,
                  odsout='T:\Sayh\test\rtftest1.rtf') ;
```

### *Primary Key: CLIENT\_VISIT\_GUID*

Primary Table	Duplicate	Missing	Total Records
WRHA_EDIS_CLIENT_2007JAN	124 (x2)	0	1098981
	1 (x3)		

### *Foreign Key: CLIENT\_VISIT\_GUID*

Foreign Table	Orphan Values	Total Records
WRHA_EDIS_STATUS_2007JAN	399	2987150
WRHA_EDIS_PROVIDER_2007JAN	400	6133612
WRHA_EDIS_NACRS_2007JAN	188	586504
WRHA_EDIS_CONSULTS_2007JAN	111	171468
WRHA_EDIS_PLAN_2007JAN	31	50016
WRHA_EDIS_LOCATION_2007JAN	406	4674563

```

* Example of filtering date variable from within
macro call; data med(index=(md mdyear)) ;
  set health.mhmed_1997apr(where=(acqdt>'01jan2010'd) keep=acqdt
                        md servdt acqdt);

  drop servdt ;
  if servdt< '30sep2010'd then
  mdyear='201009' ; else if
  servdt<'31dec2010'd then mdyear='201012'
  ; else if servdt<'31mar2011'd then
  mdyear='201103' ; else mdyear='201106' ;
run;

%dq_ref_int_check(primary="health.mhpmf_1998sep(where=(acqdt>'01jan2011'd))", foreign =
  "med(where=(acqdt>'01jan2011'd))",
  key=mdno mdyear, f_key=md mdyear, debug=1,
  odsout='T:\Sayh\test\rtftest2.rtf')

```

*Primary Key: mdno mdyear*

Primary Table	Filter Condition	Duplicate	Missing	Total Records
MHPMF_1998SEP	WHERE=(ACQDT>'01JAN2011'D)	0	0	71905

*Foreign Key: md mdyear*

Foreign Table	Filter Condition	Orphan Values	Total Records
MED	WHERE=(ACQDT>'01JAN2011'D)	106	68591511

```

* Example of filtering date time variable from within macro call;

%dq_ref_int_check(
primary=
"health.wrha_edis_client_2007jan(WHERE=(discharged_dttm >
'31dec2010:0:0'dt))", foreign=
"health.wrha_edis_status_2007jan(WHERE=(status_end_dttm >
'31dec2010:0:0'dt)) "
"health.wrha_edis_provider_2007jan(wher=(provider_end_dttm >
'31dec2010:0:0'dt))",
key=CLIENT_VISIT_GUID, debug=1, odsout="T:\Sayh\test\rtftest3.rtf")

```

**Primary Key: CLIENT\_VISIT\_GUID**

Primary Table	Filter Condition	Duplicate	Missing	Total Records
WRHA_EDIS_CLIENT_2007JAN	WHERE=(DISCHARGED_DTTM > '31DEC2010:0:0'DT)	31 (x2)	0	283805

**Foreign Key: CLIENT\_VISIT\_GUID**

Foreign Table	Filter Condition	Orphan Values	Total Records
WRHA_EDIS_STATUS_2007JAN	WHERE=(STATUS_END_DTTM > '31DEC2010:0:0'DT)	91	802688
WRHA_EDIS_PROVIDER_2007JAN	WHERE=(PROVIDER_END_DTTM > '31DEC2010:0:0'DT)	93	1611609

**Note:**

When filtering date and date time variables from within macro call, if a single quote is used to quote constant date or date time value, then a double quote must be used to quote the dataset, or vice versa.

## Validation Macro

**Description:** This macro can be used to check for data inconsistency that involves two or more variables, examples of data inconsistency are pregnant man, hospital separation is occurring before admission, etc... This macro scans through the data and count the number of inconsistencies based on the validation rules specified by the user.

This macro can perform the following

1. Cross-field or within record check.
2. Cross-table check (Fields from one table can be checked for inconsistency with other fields in another table).
- 3.

**Syntax:** %dq\_validation(primary=, pkey=, secondary=, skey=, validaterule=, odsout=)

**Parameters:**

- primary = name of the primary dataset
- pkey = space-delimited list of key variable(s) from the primary dataset
- secondary = name of the secondary dataset (leave blank if it is not a cross-table check)
- skey = a space-delimited list of key variable(s) from secondary dataset (leave blank if key variable(s) from secondary dataset have the same name as primary dataset)
- validaterule = location and name of the TAB delimited text file that contains the rules to check for inconsistencies among variables
- odsout = location and name to save the output (output can be saved with an extension of .rtf, .pdf, or .html). If blank, then output will be shown in sas output windows only

**Example:**

```
%dq_validation(primary=random,
validaterule='T:\Sayh\test\testnewdqversion\validat
erule.txt',
odsout='T:\Sayh\test\testnewdqversion\validate.rtf'
)
```

## Validation Rules

Validation rules are stored in a TAB delimited text file which will be used by the macro parameter `validaterule=`. This text file contains two columns; the first column is the error messages that specified by the user, the second column contains Boolean expression. For example, the first column contains the message: Pregnant man and the second column contains the expression: `sex = '1' and preg = '1'`.

## Example:

The following simulated data will be used as an example. Note that running `DQ_VIMO` on this dataset will not detect any data problem. However, there are 5 observations with data inconsistency. One observation contains a pregnant man, one contains an 80-year-old pregnant woman, and 3 observations with admission date occurred after separation date.

Obs	admitdt	sepdt	sex	preg	age
1	26APR2011	27APR2011	2	0	86
2	13DEC2011	16DEC2011	2	1	23
3	14AUG2010	19AUG2010	2	1	30
4	01DEC2011	02FEB2012	2	1	46
5	02MAY2012	10MAY2012	1	0	67
6	14NOV2010	24NOV2010	2	0	29
7	30APR2012	29APR2012	2	0	84
8	17SEP2011	01OCT2011	2	0	34
9	16JUN2011	01JUL2011	2	0	10
10	22SEP2010	20DEC2010	2	1	65
11	08APR2011	15MAY2011	1	1	30
12	07OCT2012	15NOV2012	1	0	29
13	11MAR2012	31MAR2012	2	0	42
14	01SEP2010	30NOV2010	1	0	68
15	20AUG2011	11SEP2011	1	0	49
16	20SEP2012	13OCT2012	1	0	72
17	02MAY2012	27MAY2012	1	0	29
18	11MAR2011	06APR2011	2	0	96
19	17JUN2011	14JUL2011	1	0	23
20	01AUG2012	02SEP2012	1	0	20
21	27DEC2012	29JAN2013	1	0	20

Obs	admitdt	sepdt	sex	preg	age
22	10OCT2010	15NOV2010	2	1	27
23	09AUG2012	16SEP2012	1	0	26
24	26JAN2011	25JAN2011	2	0	11
25	14JAN2012	23FEB2012	1	0	41
26	06APR2012	17MAY2012	1	0	29
27	20JAN2011	04MAR2011	1	0	77
28	24OCT2010	07DEC2010	2	1	46
29	30JUN2012	14AUG2012	1	0	20
30	10SEP2011	27OCT2011	2	0	42
31	23OCT2010	10DEC2010	21	1	80
32	11MAY2010	10MAY2010	1	0	20

The following TAB delimited text file contains the validation rules that can be used to check for data inconsistency of the above simulated dataset. Note that, the first column contains the error messages and the second column contains the rules specified by the user.

Error message	Rule
Pregnant man	sex = '1' and preg = '1'
Pregnant women with age >= 70	sex = '2' and preg = '1' and age >= 70
Separation date occurred before admission data	Sepdt ^= . and sepdt < admtdt

### Calling dq\_validation macro:

```
%include 'G:\dqmacro\*.sas';

%dq_validation(primary=random,
                 valdaterule=T:\Sayh\test\testnewdqversion\valdaterule.
                 txt,
                 odsout='T:\Sayh\test\testnewdqversion\validate.rtf')
```

**Output produced by dq\_validation macro:**

**Validation Check for Data Consistency**

Count	Error Message	Condition
1	pregnant man	sex = '1' and preg = '1'
1	pregnant woman with age >= 70	sex = '2' and preg='1' and age >= 70
3	separation date occurred before admission date	sepdt ^= . and sepdt < admitdt

Note that if none of the data inconsistency was found, the following message will print in the SAS output windows:

**\*\*\*\*\* No data inconsistency was found based on the rules provided \*\*\*\*\***

**Caution:** Note that this macro checks for data inconsistency based on the validation conditions (rules) that are specified by the user. It is important to make sure that all the rules are appropriately specified. If the output produces unexpected result, it is recommended to check the validation rules for errors.